Segment

I33: Balance and Harmony

Middle-class families living lively lifestyles in city-centric neighborhoods

Resource: Mosaic by Experian.

Religious Experience in a Nutshell

Religious Perspective: Religious practices cherish our past and can empower my future

Common Spiritual Issues: Feeling flawed and neglected, anxieties of meaninglessness and estrangement

Potential Influence

Lifestyle Compatibility	Family Group I Family Union	Frequent Neighbors
G25 Urban Edge	I30 Stocks Cars and State Parks	F22 Fast Track Couples
H28 Everyday Moderates	I31 Blue Collar Comfort	H26 Progressive Potpourri
K37 Wired for Success	I32 Steadfast Conventionalists	O50 Full Steam Ahead
O50 Full Steam Ahead	I33 Balance and Harmony	P59 Expanding Horizons
		P60 Striving Forward

General Comments

Balance and Harmony are strongly committed to the Spanish culture of their country of origin (mainly Mexico). Religion continues to be important to them. They are most likely participants in the Roman Catholic Church and attend Mass with some regularity. Some may be Protestant as a result of church missions. They have attitudes toward marriage and parenting, with traditional expectations of women as homemakers (even though many women work in part time jobs to maintain the household). The church generally mirrors these expectations.

Balance and Harmony are optimistic and eager to advance their careers, improve quality of life, and help their children to a brighter future. They may not have deep neighborhood roots, and connect with a church as a tradition rather than as a local institution. However, the church can become an important social as well as religious center. It can provide a "safety net" for their families if there are crises of health or unemployment.

General Comments

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.
Discussion Questions:
How do I, as a leader, perceive the spiritual expectations of people in our community?
How can we, as a board, research and understand our community better?

How can we, as a church, build closer relationships with this lifestyle segment?

Color Key

High Priority	Medium Priority	Low Priority

Leadership Preferences

Resource: Spiritual Leadership by Thomas Bandy (Abingdon Press)

THE CONSTANT LEADERS			THE ORGANIC LEADERS	THE EXTREME LEADERS		
	Caregiver		Discipler		Visionary	
х	Enabler		Guru		Mentor	
х	CEO				Pilgrim	

Balance and Harmony expect the pastor or priest to be traditionally trained and ordained, and deployed as a classic parish leader exercising authority and responsibility for teaching, administering the sacraments, and pastoral care. They should be fluent in Spanish and proficient in English. They are particularly sensitive to young families and hardworking people, and provide excellent crisis intervention ministry. They may actually spend less time in formal teaching, and more time coaching families in Christian living or mentoring individuals in ethical behavior and faith formation. Leaders are readily available for conversation, and may often be seen out in the community or even around the workplace.

Balance and Harmony are open to a pastor or priest of any age, and respect the office, but probably appreciate a younger priest who can identify with their lifestyles and build relationships with youth. The pastor or priest knows how to use social media and responds to email, and probably carries a smart phone to respond to texts. They may need to have administrative skills to manage outreach ministries associated with the church. The pastor or priest is often relatively conservative theologically, and traditional in marriage and family values, but generally progressive for social change. They may represent the parish in civic affairs, and be a liaison with police, health, and social agencies. The pastor or priest provides a strong role model for spiritual discipline, but is open-mended and flexible treating each individual or family.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

How would you describe your pastor now?

How might your pastor adapt to be more empathic in the future?

How can you equip, train, and/or support your pastor in any transition?

Hospitality Preferences

Resource: Worship Ways by Thomas Bandy and Lucinda Holmes (Abingdon Press)

	TRADITIONAL	MODERN	POSTMODERN			
х	The Basics	Multiple Choices	Х	Take-Out		
		Healthy Choices				

Balance and Harmony may come early to worship for private devotions, and churches should deploy greeters who can protect their privacy or provide any necessary help. They may leave during the last hymn or as soon as worship is over. If they linger, basic coffee, tea, juice and snacks are appreciated. Always provide food to take home. This may supplement meals or provide lunches for children at school.

Baptisms, First Communions, religious holidays, and civic holidays from the country of origin are all important. These may be marked with indigenous, home cooked food and festivities. Social and religious customs unique to the country of origin are important ... and the nuances that differentiate between communities are also important (e.g. Mexican in California, Cuban in Florida, along with Puerto Rican and Central or South American). A symbolic gift from a Welcome Center may encourage private devotion, honor newcomers, and visitors grown their spiritual lives.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

How would you describe your hospitality ministries now?

How should hospitality ministries change to be more relevant to this lifestyle segment?

What additional training do greeters, ushers, and servers need to be more empathic?

Worship Preferences

Resource: Worship Ways by Thomas Bandy and Lucinda Holmes (Abingdon Press)

	TRADITIONAL		MODERN	POSTMODERN		
х	Care-giving Worship	х	Inspirational Worship		Mission–Connectional Worship	
х	Educational Worship		Transformational Worship		Coaching Worship	
	Healing Worship					

Many Steadfast Conventionalists are Roman Catholic and prefer worship to be traditionally structured and predictable. Eucharist is the central, revered mystery, and the celebration is often dramatic, colorful, and image rich. If the church is Protestant, reading scripture and expository preaching will be central, along with children stories related to the theme of the day. If the church is Pentecostal, lay witness and spontaneous worship will be central.

Worship includes a strong care giving component and may connect participants with other social services associated with the parish. Lay leaders in worship are especially sensitive to the needs of young mothers with infants or toddlers. The sermon or meditation is often delivered without notes, maintaining good eye contact, and is kept as simple as possible. The message is very pragmatic in applying the scripture to everyday living.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

How would you describe your worship service(s) now?

How should you customize one or more worship services to be relevant to this segment?

What additional training do preachers, musicians, readers need to meet expectations?

Education Preferences

Resource: See, Know, and Serve by Thomas Bandy (Abingdon Press)

	FORM	CONTENT			GROUPING		
Х	Curricular	х	Biblical	х	Generational		
	Experiential		Topical		Peer Group		

The Sunday school is usually quite traditional. It separates students into age groups, and they study a printed resource endorsed by the denomination or diocese that has strong Biblical and doctrinal components. A strong nursery and pre-school program, with trained leaders, is offered during each worship service

Adult education is less common because of the time constraints on hard working adults. Additional training in leadership, or mentoring in faith, is usually done in concentrated workshops or retreats led by the parish priest or a diocesan or denominational representative. *Cursillo* and similar spiritual renewal events can have great impact for men and women. People in this segment may go on line to a church website. Provide simple educational or devotional resources that they can download, especially as they might be connected with lifecycles and holy days.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

How would you describe children, youth, and adult education in your church now?

How would education strategies need to change to be relevant to this lifestyle segment?

What changes in leadership selection and training would make education more effective?

Small Group Preferences

Resource: See, Know, and Serve by Thomas Bandy (Abingdon Press)

	LEADERSHIP		CONTENT
х	Trained Leaders	х	Curriculum Study
	Rotated Leaders	х	Shared Affinity

Balance and Harmony may struggle to find time for midweek small groups. Their time is very limited, and adults may not prioritize time for traditional Bible study, devotional, or discussion groups. Women are more likely to participate in affinity groups than men. However, the example and leadership of men in spiritual growth disciplines can have the most dramatic impact on a family. Occasional day or weekend retreats may be more effective. Adults will participate in short term groups related to parenting, marriage enrichment, or family outings; and they may commit to groups as urgency arises related to health care, safety, or crime prevention.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

How would you describe the Small Group strategy in your church now?

How would Small Group strategies need to change to be relevant to this lifestyle segment?

What changes in leadership and content would make Small Groups more effective?

Outreach Preferences

Resource: Strategic Thinking by Thomas Bandy (Abingdon Press)

	PERSONAL NEED	READINESS TO VOLUNTEER
Basic Survival		Х
Health and Wellness	X	Х
Quality of Life	X	X
Addiction Intervention		
Interpersonal Relationships		
Human Potential	Х	
Salvation and Human Destiny		

Balance and Harmony are eager to improve quality of life for themselves, and especially help their children to advance. Ministries that help adults improve skills and advance careers are welcome, as well as extra tutoring for their children who aspire to higher education. Families are often concerned about health issues for young and old. Clinics, seminars about non-prescription and prescription medications, and parish nurse programs are often popular. Churches may provide child care programs for infants and pre-schoolers or after-school tutoring. Support groups for young mothers are often appreciated. Men and women will volunteer if time permits, and will labor to support depot and distribution ministries that provide food, clothing, household items, and other necessities.

Churches often make non-sacred space available to community groups. While this is often done as a rental business, churches like to be generous to support grassroots advocacy and volunteer associations (particularly if they related to safety, crime prevention, child protection, and the environment). Balance and Harmony may not be very politically active, but may become involved in advocacy for specific causes like immigration policy, addiction intervention, or crime prevention.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

What outreach categories does your church emphasize now?

What outreach categories would be more relevant to this lifestyle segment?

What outreach priorities and tactics should change for the church to bless this segment?

Facility Preferences

Resource: See, Know, and Serve by Thomas Bandy (Abingdon Press)

	PROPERTY	TECHNOLOGY			SYMBOLISM		
х	Ecclesiastical	Х	Modern	Х	Classic Christendom		
Х	Utilitarian		Postmodern		Contemporary Post–Christendom		

Balance and Harmony prefer more ecclesiastical looking sanctuaries, and very utilitarian church halls and education space. The sanctuary may be renovated with contemporary designs, with seating in the round and the altar moved toward the center of the floor. The rest of the building need not be fancy. The halls and education rooms are expected to take hard use and a made of durable materials. Property maintenance can be an opportunity for volunteers to be generous to the church with their time and talent, and teams might be organized as small groups to include devotions and spiritual conversations.

If possible, make the building wireless for internet service and provide good cell phone reception. If the church is involved in tutoring children, provide a secure computer room accessible to church families. Hardware and software does not need to be state-of-the-art, and may be second-hand from local schools or businesses.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

What renovations and/or upgrades need to be made in our church facility?

What symbols of faith would be most relevant to this lifestyle segment?

If we started another site of ministry for this segment, how should we design it?

Financial Preferences

Resource: See, Know, and Serve by Thomas Bandy (Abingdon Press)

	GIVING TARGET		GIVING METHOD
Х	Unified Budgets and General Funds		Informed Philanthropy & Pledging
	Designated Programs & Mission Projects	х	Lifestyle Coaching & Family Financial Planning

Balance and Harmony have tight budgets, and will intentionally make up for lack of money by offering time and talent. They often do not consider themselves great money managers. They will give as generously as they can to the church and a little extra on holidays and for urgent needs. They may well appreciate church sponsored opportunities that coach family Christian financial management to manage debt and encourage generosity.

They generally trust the pastor/priest and official board to manage the finances of the church, and give to a unified budget. They may be interested in financial details for specific capital expenses, but a briefer narrative budget often satisfies their curiosity. Housing a non-profit or social agency in the church building may invite grants that can help offset maintenance costs.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

What options in giving methods and giving targets do we offer now?

How do we design our annual stewardship campaign(s) now?

How should we revise our financial strategy to be more relevant to this segment?

Communication

Resource: Mosaic E-Handbook by Experian

CONTEMPORARY PUBLIC COMMUNICATION				TRADITIONAL CHURCH COMMUNICATION							
	Direct Mail Receptive	х	Mobile Telephone	х	Online Computer	х	Newspaper		Corded Telephone	х	Verbal Announcements
x	Email Receptive		Broadcast Cable TV		Internet Radio	х	Print		AM/FM Radio		Personal Visits

Although operating on tight budgets, *Balance and Harmony* often find a way to afford computers and cell phones. They use the internet to keep in touch, and are familiar with different kinds of social media. They are more likely to download useful aps for their cell phone, and they will take voice mail messages and text. Spanish is still the primary language for communication, and English translation may be added as well.

They still appreciate verbal announcements at gatherings and printed announcements distributed at worship. They accept both print and digital newsletters, and may download information from the internet. They are more likely to check the church calendar on the internet than on the wall of the church hall.

Note: See the list of definitions at the end of this report to explain key terminology.

Discussion Questions:

How do we communicate among church participants now?

How do we communicate beyond our church to the community now?

How should we adapt communication strategies to be more effective for this segment?

IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS

POTENTIAL INFLUENCE

Lifestyle Compatibility	Daily behavioral habits overlap with common activities and similar priorities	
Family Group	Grouping by key demographic factors like age, income, culture, family status, etc.	
Frequent Neighbors	Often live near each other with shared recreational, health, or emergency services	

LEADERSHIP

Constant Leaders	Traditional clergy focused on sustaining ministries & increasing members	
Organic Leaders	Innovative leaders focused on church growth, new starts & multiplying followers	
Extreme Leaders	Non-Institutional leaders focused on spiritual disciplines, high accountability, and pursuing perfection	
Caregiver	Focus on visitation, counseling, pastoral prayer	
Enabler	Focus on facilitating meetings, lay empowerment, mediation, liturgy	
CE0	Focus on staff development, administration, fund raising, expository preaching	
Discipler	Focus on seeker sensitivity, adult faith formation, guidance for Christian living	
Guru	Focus on religious insight, holistic personal growth, spirituality, enlightenment	
Visionary	Focus on big picture, major social change, motivational speaking	
Mentor	Focus on self-awareness, individual meaning and purpose, vocational clarity	
Pilgrim	Focus on cross-cultural sensitivity, inter-religious dialogue, strict spiritual discipline	

HOSPITALITY

The Basics	Friendly untrained greeters, basic coffee and creamer, packaged food or sugary snacks	
Multiple Choices	Trained greeters, multiple serving stations, great coffee, varieties of food	
Healthy Choices	Trained greeters mirroring lifestyle diversity, healthy food options, allergen alerts	
Take-Out	Coffee-to-go, bagged food, exit door hospitality, text message and social media	

EDUCATION

Curricular	Printed books or study guides. Passive, intellectual, classroom. Maturity measured by acquired knowledge	
Experiential	Activities. More music, images, movement, interaction. Maturity measured by behavior patterns, attitudes.	
Biblical	Focuses on the Old and New Testaments. Maturity means Biblical literacy	
Topical	Focuses on contemporary issues. Maturity means ethical integrity and enlightened behavior	
Generational	Gathers people by age or grade in separate classrooms with age-appropriate resources.	
Peer Group	Gathers people sharing affinities or common interests regardless of age.	

SMALL GROUPS

Rotated Leaders	Participants take turns hosting and leading the group. Requires limited expertise and training.	
Designated Leaders	Single leader guides the group from start to finish. Requires significant maturity and training.	
Curriculum	Focus on a book, workbook, or structured program to guide structured discussion	
Affinity	Focus on shared interest, enthusiasm, or activity to inspire informal discussion.	

IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS (cont.

WORSHIP	V	V	N	R	ς	Н	ı	P
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Educational	Consistent liturgy, expository preaching, focus on doctrine, ethics, and history	
Inspirational	Uplifting music, motivational speaking, focus on joy, optimism, and encouragement	
Transformational	Spontaneous, expectant, personal transformations, Higher Power interventions	
Coaching	Informal, dialogical, topical, practical coaching on how to live better & faithfully	
Caregiving	Slow, meditative, family–feel with pastoral prayer, children's time, senior celebrations	
Healing	Quiet, prayerful, expectant of physical, mental, relational healing and hope	
Mission-Connectional	Unity of action/reflection, all about outreach, volunteer empowerment	

OUTREACH

Survival	Basic needs for food, shelter, clothing, jobs, basic health care	
Recovery	Addiction intervention, 12 step support, and counseling services	
Health	Mental and physical fitness, disease prevention, rehabilitation, therapy	
Quality of Life	Social wellbeing, neighborhood safety, environment, immigration, peacemaking	
Human Potential	Personal/vocational fulfillment, education, career help, human rights advocacy	
Interpersonal	Intimacy, sexuality, family & marriage counseling, healthy friendships	
Human Destiny	Repentance, conversion, witnessing, alignment with God's purposes	

FACILITIES

Ecclesiastical	Facility must "look like a church" with traditional architecture and furnishings	
Utilitarian	Facility must be "user-friendly" and multi-purpose for public use	
Christendom	Indoor/outdoor symbols associated with church history or denominational identity	
Contemporary	Indoor/outdoor symbols from nature, indigenous cultures, alternative spiritualties	
Modern	Technology primarily enhances print and oral communication	
Postmodern	Technology primarily enhances multi-sensory interaction, internet, social media	

FINANCES

Unified Budgets	Stability first. Give to a single general fund to pay staff and manage overhead costs	
Designated Giving	Effectiveness first. Give to specific funds or causes by personal preference	
Informed Philanthropy	Informed, independent, confidential financial commitments for a tax benefit	
Lifestyle Coaching	Individual & household coaching for Christian family financial management	

COMMUNICATION

Direct Mail Receptive	Pay attention to mass mailings to postal addresses.	
Email Receptive	Pay attention to information delivered digitally to personal email addresses.	
Mobile Telephone	Regularly rely on cell phones and smart phones for calling, texting, surfing, banking etc.	
Broadcast Cable TV	Regularly rely on cable television for news, advertising, and entertainment.	
Online Computer	Regularly go online by personal computer to surf websites, shop, bank, and use other services.	
Internet Radio	Regularly subscribe to internet services for music, sports, and topical discussions.	
Newspaper	Pay attention to printed newspapers for updates about church news or local, national, global events.	
Print	Pay attention to printed church newsletters, bulletin inserts, brochures, and other handouts.	
Corded Telephone	Regularly use ordinary telephones to communicate from home.	
AM/FM Radio	Regularly use traditional radio to listen to music, commercials, and talk.	
Verbal Announcements	Always rely on verbal announcements from the pulpit about church events or items of interest.	
Personal Visits	Always expect personal visits at home by a representative of the church to share information.	